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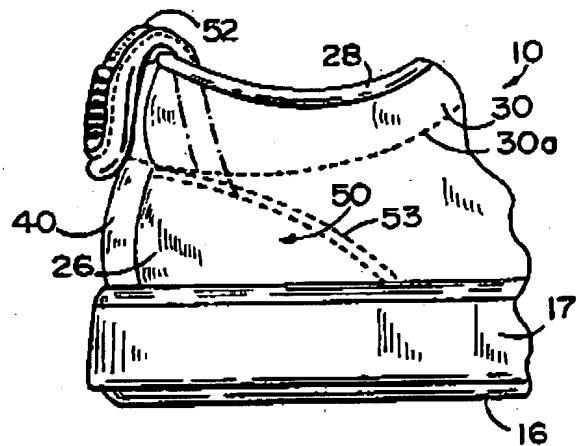


FIG. 1

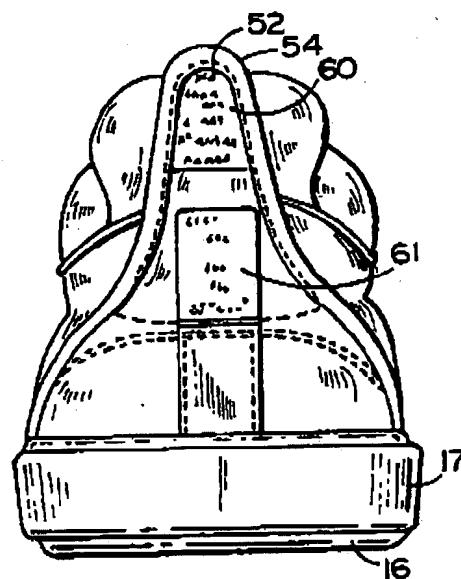


FIG. 3

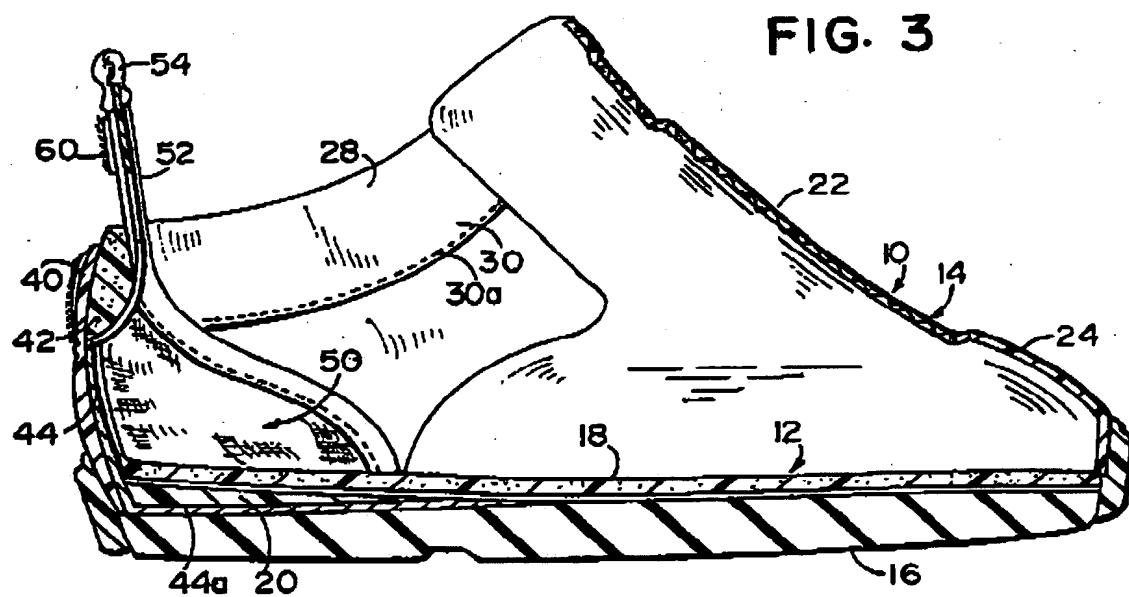
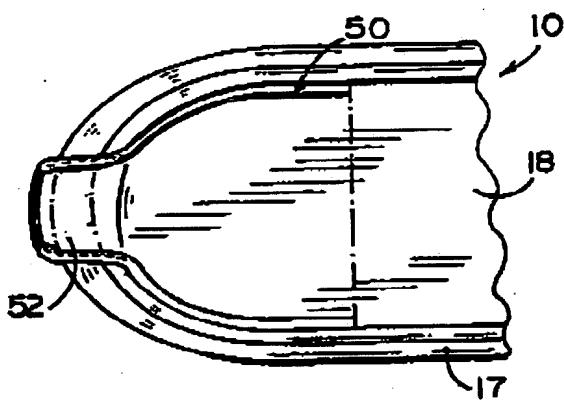
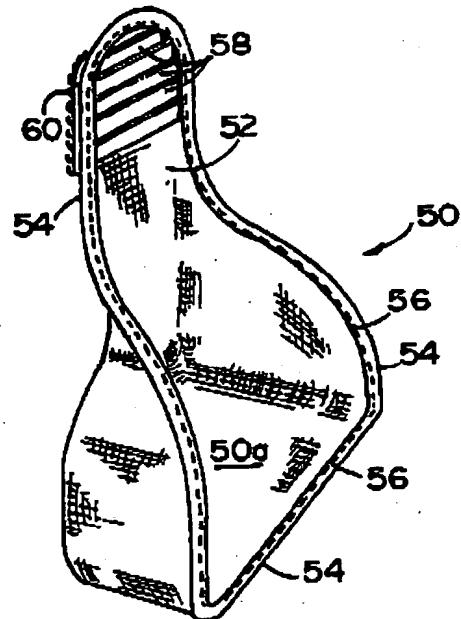
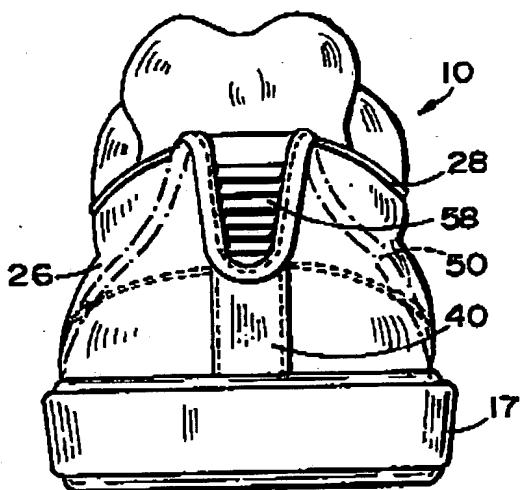


FIG. 2

2/2



Shoes

1
2 This invention relates to shoes, and more
3 particularly to a shoe having a counterpocket, integral
4 pull-on shoe horn.
5

5 pull-on shoe horn.

6 Shoe horns of metal, wood or plastic have been

7 known for many years, to assist entry of the foot into

8 a shoe. Such devices are rigid, elongated, and

9 curvilinear in cross section, as is well known, to

10 enable temporary insertion beneath and behind the heel

11 to serve as a type of ramp for the foot. While shoe

12 horns are handy when readily available, and serve to

13 lengthen shoe life, they are too often not at the

14 location where shoes are replaced onto the feet.

15 Moreover, youngsters typically do not take the time or

16 effort to locate or use them. Rather, they simply

17 thrust their feet into the shoes, to the detriment of

18 the shoe counter.

19 Boot straps or pull tabs on children's shoes are
20 of some help, but have shortcomings. Of course, the
21 concept of having a bootstrap or a pull tab on shoes
22 for ease of placing the shoe on a foot has been taught
23 heretofore. Such a strap or tab is typically attached
24 as by stitching or rivets to the shoe upper. Unless
25 the shoe is made of very unusual overall construction,
26 however, as in Epstein U.S. Patent 3810318, the
27 tremendous stress applied repeatedly to the pull tab or
28 boot strap too frequently results in its pulling loose,
29 thereby damaging the shoe as well as destroying the
30 pull-on feature. And, although the structure of US
31 3810318 would be expected to provide greater structural
32 strength, the construction necessary for that shoe,
33 designed especially for aiding children in learning to

1 walk, is not considered particularly desirable for
2 other types of shoes.

3 According to the present invention, a shoe has an
4 integral pull-on shoe horn, constituted by a
5 counterpocket comprising a membrane extending beneath
6 the heel portion of the shoe and extending up the rear
7 and both sides of the shoe heel portion to form a shoe
8 horn and having an elongated tab portion extending up
9 beyond the rim of the foot entry opening of the shoe,
10 the tab portion being foldable from an upwardly
11 extending position to a lowered position down over the
12 rear of the rim.

13 The present invention thus provides a shoe having
14 a shoe horn which is prevented from pulling loose and
15 is pre-built into the construction. The shoe can be
16 made by generally conventional construction methods,
17 using conventional machinery.

18 Preferably, the portion of the membrane extending
19 beneath the heel portion of the shoe is bonded to the
20 remainder of the shoe; for example the said portion of
21 the membrane may be bonded between an insole and
22 midsole of the shoe. Alternatively or in addition, the
23 membrane may be stitched to the upper of the shoe.
24 There may be a gripping surface on the face of the tab
25 portion which is forward when the tab portion is in its
26 upwardly extending position to facilitate pulling on
27 the counterpocket to enable the membrane to serve as a
28 shoe horn as well as a pull-on aid, thus to ramp a foot
29 into the shoe while the tab is pulled.

30 It is preferred for the shoe to include fastener
31 means, for example of the hook-and-loop type, between
32 the folded down tab portion and the rear of the shoe.

33 The invention may be carried into practice in

1 various ways but one shoe embodying the invention will
2 now be described by way of example with reference to
3 the accompanying drawings, in which:

4 Fig. 1 is a side elevational view of the rear
5 portion of the shoe, showing the upper tab portion of
6 the integral shoe horn folded down;

7 Fig. 2 is a cross sectional view of the shoe in
8 Fig. 1 with the tab portion elevated;

9 Fig. 3 is a rear elevational view of the shoe with
10 the tab portion elevated as in Fig. 2;

11 Fig. 4 is a rear elevational view of the shoe with
12 the tab portion lowered as in Fig. 1;

13 Fig. 5 is a perspective view of the counterpocket
14 forming the shoe horn; and

15 Fig. 6 is a fragmentary top plan view of the rear
16 portion of the shoe in Fig. 1.

17 Referring now specifically to the drawings, the
18 complete shoe 10 includes a sole assembly 12, and an
19 upper 14 attached to the sole assembly. Sole assembly
20 12 in this embodiment is shown to include an outsole
21 16, an insole 18, and a partial midsole 20 in a tapered
22 or wedge form extending beneath the heel and the arch
23 portion of the foot. This particular sole assembly may
24 be modified in various ways, for example by having the
25 midsole extend the full length of the foot in tapered
26 or untapered form. Outsole 16 will typically be formed
27 of a leather, rubber or rubber-like material while
28 midsole 20 and insole 18 will typically be formed of a
29 polymeric material such as an ethylene vinyl acetate
30 foam.

31 The upper 14 is generally of conventional type
32 including a vamp 22, a toe piece 24, and rear quarters
33 26, and having a foot entry opening surrounded by a

1 peripheral rim 28. This rim may include a reinforcing
2 collar 30 as depicted, e.g., of leather or cloth,
3 secured to the upper by stitching 30a. Upper 14 is
4 made of conventional materials such as canvas or other
5 fabric, leather and/or polymeric materials.

6 The rear portion of the shoe is shown to include a
7 conventional back stay 40, optional foam padding 42
8 adjacent thereto around the collar portion of the shoe,
9 and a semirigid, reinforcing heel counter 44 as of a
10 polymeric material such as polyvinylchloride,
11 polyvinyl acetate or the like. This heel counter is
12 generally horseshoe shaped to extend around the lower
13 portion of the heel above the sole assembly, having a
14 lower edge flange 44a bonded between the midsole and
15 the outsole. The main body of counter 44 is between
16 the quarters of a special counterpocket subassembly 50
17 incorporated as part of the shoe.

18 Counterpocket subassembly 50 is particularly
19 depicted by itself in Fig. 5. In vertical cross
20 section, it has a generally L-shaped configuration and
21 is composed of a leather or fabric membrane forming a
22 pocket made up of a portion that extends horizontally
23 beneath the heel portion of the insole and vertically
24 up along the rear and both sides of the heel with the
25 upper side edges thereof tapered upwardly-rearwardly to
26 the top of the shoe rim, for defining a heel receiving
27 pocket. The rear portion thereof extends vertically
28 above this rim in the form of an elongated tab portion
29 52. Extending around and encompassing the edge of the
30 periphery of this pocket, as illustrated, is a
31 reinforcing binding 54 of U-shaped cross section, as of
32 cloth or leather, which is stitched to the fabric by
33 stitches 56. The counterpocket subassembly is stitched

1 to shoe upper 14 by stitches 53 at both sides and at
2 the rear of the quarters. The tab portion 52 may be
3 moved between an upright position depicted in Figs. 2,
4 3 and 5, and a folded down position depicted in Figs. 1
5 and 6. The counterpocket membrane is flexible so as to
6 be a comfortable component of the shoe. It has a
7 concave curvilinear configuration in cross section
8 horizontally across its vertical portion, so as to fit
9 smoothly against the rear of the wearer's foot. When
10 the user pulls up on the tab portion as the shoe is put
11 on, the tension on the membrane tends to temporarily
12 rigidify the membrane to enable the membrane to act
13 like a shoe horn ramp.

14 The forward face of the upright tab portion has a
15 grip surface 58 as of horizontal rubber ridges for
16 optimum pulling grippage by the thumb. The rear face
17 of the upright tab portion, and thus the forward face
18 of the folded down tab portion, has one part 60 of a
19 hook and loop fastener on its surface, e.g., a "Velcro"
20 (Registered Trade Mark) fastener, with the cooperative
21 fastener part 61 being attached to the back stay 40.
22 Thus, the folded down tab will cause mating of the
23 hooks and loops to retain the tab portion in the down
24 position until needed. The horizontal portion 50a of
25 the pocket 50 that extends beneath the heel is bonded
26 between insole 18 and midsole 20 with a suitable
27 adhesive.

28 The sole assembly is secured to the upper as by
29 stitching, adhesive bonding and/or vulcanizing. Around
30 the juncture thereof is preferably a bumper strip 17.
31 In use, therefore, when the shoe 10 is to be applied to
32 a foot, tab portion 52 is pulled upwardly and
33 rearwardly by the thumb and finger to release the hook

1 and loop fastener and place the tab portion in upright
2 position with the thumb on rubber grip surface 58 and
3 the finger, usually the index finger, on fastener part
4 60. When the forefoot is placed in the opening defined
5 by arm 28, the integral shoe horn is used to ramp the
6 foot in, as well as to pull the shoe over the rear of
7 the heel. This is done without imparting undue stress
8 to the structure or excess friction on the individual's
9 heel, since it forms an integral pocket that envelopes
10 the heel and is secured between members of the sole
11 assembly as well as the upper. After the shoe is on a
12 foot, tab portion 52 is folded downwardly over the rim
13 and padded collar and against the back stay of the shoe
14 to interengage the hook and loop fastener parts.

15 Various modifications are possible to the
16 construction described. Thus, for example, the shoe
17 can be a slip-on type, a lace-type, an athletic shoe, a
18 walking shoe, or otherwise; the sole assembly can
19 employ a different type of midsole or no midsole, a
20 sock liner inside the insole, and unpadded rim, or
21 various other modifications well known to those in the
22 shoe making art.

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1 Claims:

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3 1. A shoe having an integral pull-on shoe horn
4 constituted by a counterpocket comprising a membrane
5 extending beneath the heel portion of the shoe and
6 extending up the rear and both sides of the shoe heel
7 portion to form a shoe horn and having an elongated tab
8 portion extending up beyond the rim of the foot entry
9 opening of the shoe, the tab portion being foldable
10 from an upwardly extending position to a lowered
11 position down over the rear of the rim.

12

13 2. A shoe as claimed in claim 1 in which the portion
14 of the membrane extending beneath the heel portion of
15 the shoe is bonded to the remainder of the shoe.

16

17 3. A shoe as claimed in claim 2 which includes a
18 midsole and an insole the said portion of the membrane
19 is bonded between the midsole and the insole.

20

21 4. A shoe as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 or claim 3
22 in which the membrane is stitched to the upper of the
23 shoe.

24

25 5. A shoe as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 which
26 includes a gripping surface on the face of the tab
27 portion which is forward when the tab portion is in its
28 upwardly extending position.

29

30 6. A shoe as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 which
31 includes fastener means between the folded down tab
32 portion and the rear of the shoe.

33

1 7. A shoe as claimed in claim 6 in which the fastener
2 means is of hook-and-loop type.

3 8. A shoe as claimed in any of the preceding claims
4 in which the counterpocket is of leather.

5 9. A shoe as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7 in which
6 the counterpocket is of fabric.

7 10. A shoe as claimed in any of the preceding claims
8 which includes binding attached to the periphery of the
9 counterpocket.

10 11. A shoe having an integral pull-on shoe horn, the
11 shoe horn being substantially as described herein with
12 reference to the accompanying drawings.

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